

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL.

VOL. 26.

RENO, WASHOE COUNTY, NEVADA. THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 21, 1886

NO. 18.

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WEEKLY

NEVADA STATE JOURNAL

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THE

Weekly Nevada State Journal

IN A

JOURNAL FOR THE PEOPLE!

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good, intellectual and industrial welfare of its
people, and hopes to honestly inform and inno-
cently amuse its readers.

Admission all orders

C. C. POWNING,
RENO, WASHOE CO., NV

TOWN ORDINANCE NO. 25.

THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSION-
ers of Washoe county, Nev., sitting as a
Board of Town Trustees, October 4, 1886, passed
the following

TOWN ORDINANCE NO. 25.

An Ordinance to provide for the lighting of
the streets and alleys of Reno, and other
purposes.

Be it ordained by the Board of County Com-
missioners of Washoe county, Nevada:

SECTION 1.—That for the purpose of lighting
the streets, alleys and public grounds and
places of Reno, Washoe county, Nevada, and
the business and private houses therein with
electric light, permission and authority is
hereby given to L. Stevenson, of Reno, his
heirs and assigns, to use the streets and alleys
for the purpose of erecting poles, standards,
lamps and other appliances necessary to gen-
erate and convey, and use electricity for il-
luminating purposes, and to make and repair
thereof, for a period of 50 years,
provided, that no poles or appliances shall be
so placed, connected therewith, as to materi-
ally interfere with the said sidewalks, streets
and public places, for business or travel, and
that no main wires on the principal streets
shall be lower than twenty feet from said
streets.

SECTION 2.—That the above authority and
permission is given in consideration of and
upon the condition that the said L. Steven-
son, his heirs or assigns, shall commence to
construct and put in the necessary plant for
making or distributing an electric current for
the purpose of furnishing electric lights in
the business portions of Reno, within six
months from the date hereof, Oct. 4, 1886, and
shall have said plant in operation within 12
months from the date hereof, and should the
said L. Stevenson, his heirs or assigns, fail
to comply with the foregoing conditions, then
this Ordinance shall be void.

SECTION 3.—This Ordinance shall take effect
and be in force from the earliest period per-
mitted by law.

S. O. FOGUS,
Chairman of the Board.

T. V. JULIEN, Clerk.

EQUALIZATION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AT
a regular meeting of the Board of County
Commissioners of Washoe county, Nevada,
held on the 20th day of September, 1886, said
Commissioners sitting as a Board of Equaliza-
tion, upon complaint duly made and entered
therein, caused citations to issue as follows:
To B. F. Leete, requiring him, the said B. F.
Leete, to be and appear before the Board on the
15th day of September, 1886, and show cause
why the assessed valuation of his property
should not be raised from \$9,990 to \$7,720.
That on the said 25th day of September, 1886,
the consideration thereof was regularly pos-
tponed until Monday, October 12th, 1886, at which
time the Board proceeded to consider the mat-
ter, and no appearance being made or objec-
tions filed thereon, the assessed valuation of the
property of the said B. F. Leete was raised in
accordance with the said citation.

T. V. JULIEN,
Clerk of the Board.

RENO, Oct. 6, 1886.

POLITICAL.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,

C. C. STEVENSON,

Of Storey.

For Lieutenant Governor,

H. C. DAVIS,

Of Humboldt.

For Congressman,

WILLIAM WOODBURN,

Of Storey.

For Supreme Judge,

T. D. EDWARDS,

Of Ormsby.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court,

CHARLES F. BICKNELL,

Of Ormsby.

For Secretary of State,

J. M. DORMER,

Of Esmeralda.

For State Controller,

J. F. HALLOCK,

Of Lincoln.

For State Treasurer,

GEORGE TUFLEY,

Of Ormsby.

For Attorney General,

JOHN F. ALEXANDER,

Of Washoe.

For Surveyor General,

JOHN E. JONES,

Of Eureka.

For Supt. of Public Instruction,

W. C. DOVEY,

Of Lyon.

For State Printer,

J. C. HARLOW,

Of Ormsby.

For District Judges,

RICHARD RISING,

Of Storey;

DE WITT C. MCKENNEY,

Of Lander;

R. R. BIGELOW,

Of Elko.

REPUBLICAN STATE PLAT-

FORM.

I. The Republicans of Nevada, in convention
assembled, reaffirm their unflinching loyalty
to the principles of the party as enunciated in
their national platform, Lincoln and Blaine.
We believe that liberty is the inalienable
right of every man, whatever his race or
color, and in the equality of every man before
the law, with the unrestricted right of every
citizen to cast his vote for whomsoever he
chooses, with the assurance that it will be
counted as cast. The preservation of the Union
and free government are not recorded in his-
tory as the work of the Republican party.
Union, liberty, equality and a protective tariff
have largely contributed in making \$6,000,000
of people the best fed, the best clothed, the
happiest, the most intelligent and powerful
that ever existed on earth. The elevation of
labor by the abolition of slavery and the utter
repudiation of caste and aristocracy by the
Republican party has opened to free men and
free labor every acre of land within the juris-
diction of the United States, and has enabled
the teeming millions of the North and of the
South to associate in one common brotherhood
for the protection of their rights and the ad-
vancement of their intellectual and material
prosperity.

II. We arraign the Democratic administration of
President Cleveland as having failed to keep
the pledges on which it came into power. It
promised economy and retrenchment, and has
been most extravagant in expenditures and ap-
propriations, which, for the current year,
largely exceed the abundant revenues of the
Government. It promised to reduce the sur-
plus in the Treasury, but reversing the rule of
previous Administrations, has permitted such
surplus to lie idle and accumulate to the in-
jury of the business of the country, and has
refused to approve of the action of a large
majority of both Houses of Congress directing
that such surplus be applied in payment of the
interest-bearing debt of the country. It prom-
ised to care for and give attention to the dis-
abled soldiers and sailors of the late war, and
has treated with contemptuous vote every
petition bill against which it could find any
shadow of technical objection. It promised
to protect the person and property of citizens
both at home and abroad, and to maintain the
dignity and honor of the nation, yet in its re-
lation with Great Britain it has shown itself
unwilling to give protection to either person
or property, and has permitted our flag to be
insulted, without proper protest, almost in
sight of our shores, while by hasty and un-
advised action it has seriously impaired our
friendly relations with the Mexican Repub-
lic, and made our Nation ridiculous in the
eyes of the world. Its evasion of civil service
reform, its failure to call the leading repre-
sentatives are pledged, have been bold, insolent and law-
less. It has shown itself no friend to Nevada,
because, among its first acts of administration,
it closed the United States Mint in Carson City
in utter violation of the law, to the great detri-
ment of every miner and silver producer in
this State in particular, and of the public in
general. It has seriously impaired our mail
facilities, without shadow of just excuse. It
has not only the express will of Congress, and
denied to this people their rights by its un-
lawful and continued refusal to execute the
law for the creation of a Government building

POLITICAL.

In the capital of this State. It has used the
entire power of the Administration to destroy
silver as money, and by a refusal to execute
this law and to put it into force, it has kept
the metal out of circulation, and by various
devices it has reduced the price of silver
since the inauguration of President Cleveland
more than fifty per cent. It has closed
many of our silver mines, and thrown
thousands of honest laborers out of employ-
ment.

III. We favor a tariff upon the imported products
of low-priced foreign labor, so as to protect
the interests of American wage-workers, and
for the development of American industries.
We demand in behalf of our mining interests
the maintenance of the present tariff on lead,
borax, soda and other mineral productions,
and in behalf of our wool-growing interests a
restoration of the wool tariff of 1867, and we
demand the recent attempt of the Democratic
majority in the National House of Representa-
tives to pass the Morrill bill reducing the
tariff on the products of our mines and placing
wool on the free list.

IV. We believe in American soil for American
citizens, and are opposed to non-resident aliens
becoming landowners. The public domain
should be reserved as homesteads for actual
settlers, and the accumulation of the same
or bodies of land in the hands of corporations
or individuals should be discouraged, and in
the case of land grants to railroad corporations
where the corporations have failed to comply
with the conditions of the grants the land
should be forfeited to the General Government,
and held for the benefit of actual settlers.

V. We favor the intelligent organization of labor
for such worthy purposes as mutual aid, ap-
protection and for the protection of their interests
in all things relating to their welfare and to
the industrial welfare of the country, and we
favor the enactment of State and National
laws providing for the settlement of differ-
ences between employers and employees by
methods of voluntary arbitration, or by the
establishment of courts of conciliation, which
will avoid the waste, loss and ill-feeling re-
sulting from strikes and lock-outs, and the
usual expense of litigation.

VI. We denounce the action of the Democratic
House of Representatives at its last session in
striking from the bill to compensate the mem-
bers of this State for losses sustained in the
Indian war of 1860 all claims for supplies fur-
nished for the suppression of Indian hostilities,
and also for services rendered during the
memorable struggle in which the lives of a
large number of our most respected citizens
were sacrificed.

VII. We denounce the pretense of the Democratic
party of having sympathy for the cause of lo-
cal self-government in Ireland, while the Demo-
cratic House of Representatives, in Committee
of the Whole, repeatedly refused to endorse
that principle. In the months of April and
June last this body by Democratic vote re-
jected several resolutions endorsing a resolu-
tion endorsing a free Parliament for Ireland, which is
in the following words:

Resolved, That the House of Representatives
earnestly sympathizes with the Irish people,
and with the Hon. John P. Stansfeld, in their
efforts to secure a free Parliament for the people
of Ireland, and congratulates the people of that
country who have courageously maintained the
principle of an early and an earnest termination of their
long and patriotic struggle for the right of local
self-government.

Thereby destroying the growth of a libera-
l spirit throughout Great Britain.

VIII. We commend the efforts of Senator Jones and
Congressman Woodburn in their efforts to ap-
propriate \$20,000 for public land surveys in
this State, and we condemn the action of the
Committee of the General Land Office in
withholding money appropriated for that pur-
pose, and particularly condemn the action of
Senator Fair in absenting himself from Wash-
ington during all the time when appropri-
ations for this State were under consideration
by the Senate.

IX. We endorse the action of Senator Jones and
Congressman Woodburn in their efforts to sup-
press polygamy in Utah, and to check the
growth of disloyalty to the Government in that
Territory, and we fully endorse the principles
of the bill introduced for that purpose by
Congressman Woodburn. We endorse the ac-
tion of the Republican Senate in passing in
the early days of the last session of Congress
a bill well calculated to suppress the growth
of polygamy, and check the growth of the
hostile power of the Mormon Church, which is
threatening the peace and tranquillity of the
great West, and the Union.

X. We are opposed to the further importation of
Chinese to this country, or any other foreign
laborers, under the pretext of the necessity
for the relief of free labor from com-
petition with convict labor, which does
not impose upon free labor the expense of
supporting convicts in the State, and which
we favor the adoption of laws providing
for the protection of workers in our mines
and other hazardous callings, and such other
measures as will improve the condition and
welfare of our industrial population. We
are earnestly opposed to the doctrine of the so-
called Anarchists, and we believe in the most
perfect protection to each and every individual
in the enjoyment of his business and his per-
sonal efforts to earn an honest livelihood.

XI. The paramount interest of civilization re-
quires that the money used as a circulating me-
dium in any country shall at all times bear a
constant ratio to the population of that
country. Contraction of the currency in-
volves all financial evils to which a nation can
be subjected, among which are robbery of the
debtor, starvation of business, reduction of
wages and the enslavement of the masses for the
benefit of bondholders and grasping creditors.
We denounce the bondholders' conspiracy to de-
monetize silver, and contract the money of the
world to a single gold standard as a crime
against civilization. It would double the obli-
gation of bonds and all other contracts for the
payment of money which now aggregate in the
circulated world the enormous sum of more than
one hundred thousand million dollars, and
thereby make the rich richer and the poor
poorer, and impoverish the masses for the ben-
efit of the favored few. We are, therefore, in
favor of the free and unlimited coinage of both
gold and silver upon the basis now provided by
law.

XII. We condemn the Democratic House of Repre-
sentatives for refusing to make the necessary
appropriations for the construction of a suitable
pay for the defense of our commerce and the
protection of our citizens at home and abroad,
and for the preservation of the Union. We pro-
test against the removal of soldiers from places of
duty and the removal of soldiers from places of
duty and the removal of soldiers from places of
duty.

XIII. We again declare our constant sympathy with
the just and consistent Republican policy of
practicing of granting out of the nation's abun-
dant generous pensions to the disabled veterans
of our wars, whether for the country's defense
or for the preservation of the Union. We pro-
test against the removal of soldiers from places of
duty and the removal of soldiers from places of
duty.

XIV. In common with all loyal people of the land,
we mourn the loss to our country of a hero
and a patriot, and we sympathize with the
well as great soldier and statesman, whose
death has left a void in our history.

POLITICAL.

high and honorable manhood, patriotic devotion
to our country and loyalty to the principles of
Republicanism which he so fittingly represented
and did so bravely maintain. We shall ever
treasure his memory and cherish his deeds.

XV. It is the duty of this State to maintain free
schools, not only in towns and thickly popu-
lated sections, but in the rural and sparsely set-
tled districts, and as the education of pupils in
the sparsely settled sections of the State is nec-
essarily more expensive per capita than where a
large number of pupils can attend the same
school, such a division of the school money
should be made as will furnish the means of edu-
cation to all children in the State.

XVI. Expenditures beyond the means of private
individuals are required for surveys, engineer-
ing and the construction of reservoirs, canals
and other hydraulic works, for the purpose of
irrigation in this State. We, therefore, favor
liberal appropriations by Congress for surveys,
both hydrographical and topographical, to as-
certain how the waters of this State, which now
run to waste in flood time, may be stored and
utilized for the purpose of agriculture, to the
benefit of the people, and we favor the enact-
ment of laws which will enable the people to
obtain the same.

XVII. Resolved, That two years' experience has
demonstrated that the present jury law, which
compels citizens, at their own expense, without
regard to their pecuniary ability or the lesser
they may suffer, summarily to suspend their
own occupations, break their business engage-
ments, travel long distances and remain from
their homes for an uncertain period, and attend
upon District Courts as jurors, is a measure of
waste and extravagance, and a great bur-
den upon private individuals. We, therefore,
demand of the next Legislature such legisla-
tion as will provide for the payment of a com-
pensation to all citizens for jury duty, for all the
time which they spend and full re-
imbursement for all expenses which they incur
in performing the duties of jurymen in the Dis-
trict Courts.

XVIII. Resolved, That we point with pride and plea-
sure to the able and brilliant record made by our
Senator in Congress, the Hon. John E. Jones, in
his watchful and vigilant care of our interests
upon all occasions, as are fully shown by his
unanswerable speeches in Congress against the
reduction of duties on foreign manufactures and
foreign productions, which exposes in a
masterly style and in a clear and forcible
manner the free-trade doctrines of modern
Democracy. His able and patriotic speeches
made upon the reorganization of silver, par-
ticularly the last speech in Congress upon
that subject, in which he has displayed more
strongly his ability in debate than in any other
speech, and which has been the subject of
greatly intelligent to the most common mind,
thoroughly replacing and upholding the old time-
honored American dollar of our fathers in its
rightful position as the standard of value, and
medium and purchasing power, and his logical
and overwhelming arguments in favor of the
passage of the Chinese Exclusion and Exci-
sion bills, and amendments thereto, during the
last Congress.

Resolved, That our able Representative in
Congress, the Hon. William Woodburn, de-
serves the united thanks of the people of this
State for his constant zeal and watchful care
over the true interests of the people of this
State, and that we recognize in him an able
statesman, a faithful Representative and an
honest man, and we say: "Well done, thou
good and faithful servant, renewed honors
await thee."

Resolved, That we are unanimously in favor
of home rule in Nevada, and believe that the
people who pay taxes and whose homes and in-
terests are identified with the State should
control its policies.

AMENDMENT.

We believe it is the duty of the National
Government to pass laws regulating the great
railroad corporations of the country, protecting
the people from extortions and unjust dis-
criminations, and we approve the principles
of the bill introduced for that purpose by
Senator Fair, and we demand that the next
Legislature shall pass laws in accordance with
the plan known as the Nebraska plan for the
election of United States Senators.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. J. WING OLIVER,
(HOMOEOPATHIC.)
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

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POLITICAL.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Congress,

J. H. McMILLAN,

Of Humboldt.

For Governor,

JEWETT ADAMS,

Of Storey.

For Lieutenant Governor,

THOMAS J. BELL,

Of Nye.

For Justice of the Supreme Court,

C. H. BELKNAP,

Of Ormsby.

For State Treasurer,

FERRY SCHOOLING,

Of Washoe.

For Secretary of State,

JOHN T. BRADY,

Of Storey.

For State Controller,

R. SADLER,

Of Eureka.

For Attorney General,

J. F. BOLLER,

Of Esmeralda.

For Surveyor General,

S. H. DAY,

Of Ormsby.

For Clerk of Supreme Court,

JOHN MCKIERNAN,

Of White Pine.

For State Printer,

HENRY DUFFY,

Of Storey.

For Supt. of Public Instruction,

A. E. KAYE,

Of Eureka.

For District Judges,

A. L. FITZGERALD,

Of Eureka;

H. T. CRESSWELL,

Of Lander,

H. L. RIVES,

Of Eureka.

DEMOCRATIC STATE PLAT-

FORM.

First—The Democratic party of the State of
Nevada, through its representatives in conven-
tion assembled, at Elko, on the 8th day of Sep-
tember, 1886, and particularly the efforts of
the Democratic party in the National House of
Representatives in the late Presidential cam-
paign, and the following plain statements of Democratic faith and the
principles upon which the party appealed to
the suffrage of the people of Nevada in the
late Presidential campaign.

"We believe in honest money—the gold and
silver coinage of the Constitution, and a cir-
culating medium convertible into such money
without loss."

We therefore demand that good faith shall
be observed with the people by the Democratic
Administration by religiously adhering to the
money plank, as it does to every other plank of
the Chicago platform.

Second—President Cleveland, in his wise
conservative and patriotic administration of
our public affairs, both foreign and domestic,
challenges our highest admiration, except in
following the beaten path of his Republican
predecessors and the policy of the Republican
party in the late Presidential campaign, and the
cherished principles of the National Democratic
party.

Third—We demand of the Administration, at
Washington, that it shall second the efforts of
the Democratic Representatives in Congress to
give the people free coinage of silver, with-
standing the formidable combination existing
between the gold ring, National Banks and
the National Republican party to maintain the
single gold standard. The action of the Re-
publican party in California in refusing to in-
sert a silver plank in their platform, and the
condemnation of the silver-producing peo-
ple of the mining regions of the Pacific Coast.

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MORMON MIGRATION IN 1886.

Of the twenty-four chapters comprising Hubert Howe Bancroft's History of California, Vol. V., 1846-8, the one devoted to the westward migration of the Mormons is not the least interesting. It was in the Spring of 1846 that the Mormons began their migration westward from Nauvoo, Illinois, and at the same time a ship-load of them went from New York to California. By mid-Summer the advance of the overland line had reached Council Bluffs, on the Missouri river, and the Brooklyn had landed over two hundred of the Saints at San Francisco. The Mormons had not definitely determined where in the far West they would choose their home. Wherever beyond the Rocky Mountains natural advantages of soil and climate might appear best supplemented by isolation and prospective non-interference there should be established the new Zion. Apparently it was deemed likely that experimental settlements in several different localities might be maintained for some years before the final choice could be made. Yet there can be no doubt that California was the spot on which Brigham Young and his followers had fixed their chief attention as probably best adapted to their purpose. But there is not, in the opinion of Mr. Bancroft, any good foundation for the theory, more or less current among their enemies, that they intended to occupy the land in opposition to the United States, joining hands with Mexico or England if their own strength should not suffice. Existing and prospective international complications might for years be expected to aid them in establishing themselves on the Pacific; later then, policy would be dictated by their interests as limited by the possibilities; but the Mormons were always loyal to the Republic, to the extent at least of preferring it to any other government, except their own theocratic system.

The settlers' revolt at Sonoma, the early occupation of the coast province by the United States, the rapid influx of Gentile immigrants, favorable prospects in the Salt Lake region, and the peculiar conditions resulting from the discovery of gold were the leading factors that fixed the Mormon realm in Utah rather than in California.

The author's freedom from local prejudices, and his abundant carelessness in collecting testimony on every point, assures the accuracy of his narrative, making it one of great interest to the general reader, and of still greater value to every student.

The Enterprise says: The citizens of Storey county should be sure to give Mr. William E. Sharon, the Republican candidate for State Senator, a rousing majority next month. Mr. Sharon came to the Comstock a poor man, secured a position on the railroad as a brakeman and by industry and fidelity rose from one position to another until he became the Superintendent of the Yellow Jacket mine. He is one of the rising young men of the State, with a knowledge of her needs and a wholesome interest in her welfare. Storey county should show that she appreciates the union of honesty and ability in a candidate by sending Mr. Sharon to Carson with a handsome majority to back him up.

While heartily endorsing the above the JOURNAL urges upon the citizens of Storey the necessity of electing the entire Republican Legislative ticket. Such men as John Egan, Archibald McDonald, Tom Hale, Wm. Roberts, Jack Reese, Wm. Moorehead, E. O. Leemo, Thos. Farr, Wm. Mercer and Wm. Ford will make excellent legislators for Storey county and the State.

The annual report of the Utah Commission, just filed with the Secretary of the Interior, states that during the year the law disfranchising polygamists has been fully and successfully enforced, but that while very few polygamous marriages have occurred in Salt Lake and vicinity, many have been celebrated in the temples of Logan City and St. George, located in the extreme northern and southern portions of the Territory with the knowledge and co-operation of leading men of the Mormon Church. The Commission recommends the adoption of the proposed constitutional amendment prohibiting polygamy in all States and Territories; but they hold that other measures must meanwhile be vigorously employed for the suppression of the evil. It is quite obvious that more stringent legislation than has yet been enacted will be required to reach the core of this disease, and there should be no hesitation on the part of Congress in meeting the demands of the situation in this particular.

The will of Samuel J. Tilden was admitted to probate yesterday morning in the Surrogate Court in New York without opposition. Andrew H. Green, John Bigelow and George W. Smith, executors and trustees, immediately qualified as such.

A Baby in Close Quarters.

A Portland, Or. dispatch of the 19th says: Quite a sensation happened at Starbuck, Washington Territory, a few days ago. A good-looking young woman left Penewa in a skiff and hailed the steamer Alamo. She carried a good-sized valise, but did not attract much attention, except some passengers observed her to be quite pale. She boarded the cars at Raparia for Walla Walla, and at Raparia, where a change of cars is made, she dropped her valise on leaving the train. The clasp parted and it flew open, and a new-born babe rolled out in the dust. Dr. Kelly, of Lewiston, was one of the passengers, and rendered the young mother all the assistance possible. It is thought that the child was born after the girl boarded the steamer. It was confined in the valise five or six hours before being discovered.

Bold Scheme of the Land Office.

WASHINGTON, October 18.—The law officers of the General Land Office are preparing a case against the Northern Pacific Railroad, alleging that it is not entitled to the land granted it from Duluth to Puget Sound, by reason of its failure to earn these lands and file a plat within the prescribed time. It takes the ground that the road could not earn the entire grant, and upon this hypothesis the General Land Office will ask the Secretary of the Interior to declare these lands forfeited and open for settlement. It is expected that this audacious step will be ready for consummation in a very few days, and while it may not have a more effective result than the numerous bills before Congress, it is likely to cause the Northern Pacific Company serious embarrassment.

New York City Politics.

The great unknown quantity, the size of George's vote, now that Irving Hall has endorsed him, still causes great anxiety among the New York politicians. George and his supporters are sanguine that he will be elected, achieving over 100,000 votes. The Sun thinks his vote will not exceed 35,000, and the World figures it at 80,000. The Tribune and Times believe Roosevelt's election is secure, while other journals merely differ in their ideas of the size of Hewitt's majority. Evidently a great surprise awaits somebody, and the attitude of the journals seems to be one which they can emerge from at the end by declaring that they had miscalculated George's strength.

Diaz for Dictator.

Prominent Mexicans state that there is a movement on foot to change the entire Constitution of the Republic of Mexico, and declare President Diaz Dictator for a term of ten years. Mexican politicians are very reticent regarding the proposed change. It is claimed by those who are in a position to know that the only object in creating Diaz Dictator is to reward him for the successful administration of affairs during his term of office.

Blaine's Popularity.

The Philadelphia Times, one of the most bitter opponents of Blaine, in an editorial on Saturday's mass meeting, calls Mr. Blaine the most gallant, eloquent and tireless of all the great champions of the party and, comparing him with Clay, says defeat never dimmed the lustre of Whig affection for Clay, nor has it chilled the fervor of Republican love for Blaine.

It is stated in New York that there is a movement to be made by the Nevada and California representatives in Congress, at the approaching session, to get an appropriation of \$5,000,000 from that body in order to continue the explorations in the Comstock lode. It is stated that the report is revived, and that Mackay and Flood have obtained control of the Sauto Tunnel.

Minister Cox called on the President Tuesday, and afterwards had an interview with Secretary Bayard in regard to the Turkish Mission. It is understood that Cox is willing to return to Turkey to close up some diplomatic matters left unsettled at his departure, if Mr. Bayard thinks it necessary. Otherwise he will resign and again enter political life.

A POINT FOR BOARDMAN.—In the Enterprise account of the Cassidy meeting at Virginia the JOURNAL finds the following:

Mr. Fitzgerald, candidate for District Judge, being called for, expressed his thanks for the honor, but declined making a speech as he considered the position to which he aspired a non-political one to that extent.

A beautiful memorial picture of General Grant has lately been published by D. T. Ames, 205 Broadway, New York. It is printed on heavy plate paper 22x28 and is given as a premium with the Penman's Art Journal for 1886.

Stocks are up. Consolidated was quoted at \$4 40 yesterday, and there was quite a rise in Ophir, Savage and others.

A LIVING EMBLEM OF STATE PRIDE.

In referring to the nominee for Governor, the Carson Appeal has the following to say in regard to the Republican candidate:

O. C. Stevenson represents the style of men who are to-day and have been for years developing Nevada. He came to this State a poor man, and for a quarter of a century has fought, and successfully too, the hard battle for life that one must fight in Nevada. During this time he has never swerved from the clean path of honesty, and his dealings with his neighbor have been always based upon the squarest business principles.

During this quarter of a century now passing away, O. C. Stevenson has invested, speculated, developed the country and improved its condition. He has kept large amounts of money in circulation and paid out to wage workers \$3,000,000. His ambition has not been a political one; he has aimed to make this State better for man to live in. He has delved in the bowels of the earth, he has built flumes, tilled land, made grass and trees grow where none grew before, and made the face of nature more pleasant to look at where ever his busy foot has trod.

Under his wand of enterprise, houses have sprung from the ground, hearthstones have blazed with light, the family pot boiling and the wolf of want kept from the door of thousands.

A man like O. C. Stevenson is an emblem of State pride and State progress. He belongs to the intelligent pioneers of the sagebrush who have made the desert blossom and filled the air with the live hum of industry. It is not necessary for all to know O. C. Stevenson. His works proclaim him on every side. The clamor of the stamp mill, the dash of the water wheel, the clatter of the reaper and the light laughter of the employed, all tell of O. C. Stevenson's presence in this State. When a great enterprise is to be managed there is a general call for O. C. Stevenson to take the helm. He has managed great enterprises for years and headed public movements for the State's good.

Therefore it is not to be wondered at that he should be called upon to take command of the Ship of State.

NYE COUNTY.

The Belmont Courier says:

The Austin Reville has always been quite fresh about Nye county. Lander county, long before the present editor of the Reville came from California to shape its affairs, cast a jealous eye on Nye's territory. The taxpayers of Nye—excepting a few malcontents—are not desirous of being attached to Lander or any other county. They are opposed to segregation or disorganization, no matter in what shape it may be presented, and so expressed themselves in their conventions at Belmont. No segregationist or disorganizationist can be nominated or elected to any office in the gift of the people of Nye. The Reville editor should pay no attention to the few Nye county segregationists who stuff him with their schemes. They do not voice the wishes of Nye's taxpayers and citizens. Nye asks nothing of Lander. The county is not hopelessly burdened with debt, nor is it likely to be. A revival of mining will set it on its feet again in a very short time. 'Tis had enough to be told you are not prosperous, but it is adding insult to injury when your neighbor, in a premeditated friendly way, tries to rub it into you at every opportunity that offers. A county ought to enjoy the same privileges as a State, and be allowed at least a say in matters that concern its existence. Nye county has said in both its conventions—Republican and Democratic—that it desires to remain as it is, and the Reville should be courteous enough to refrain from agitating its segregation or disorganization.

"Civil Service Reform."

C. H. Sprague, Postmaster at Elko, member of the Republican State Central Committee and editor of the Republican organ of Elko, has changed his paper into a daily for the campaign only. Two years ago he did the same thing and is now reaping his reward for fidelity to his party by enjoying the emoluments of a Federal office under a Democratic administration. Here is "Civil Service Reform" for you.—Independent.

Yes, here it is, and it is the same kind that many of the Democratic Federal office holders in Nevada have. But you never hear our Democratic contemporaries say anything about Bank Commissioner Cassidy stamping the State for the Democratic ticket, or P. J. Dunne, Deputy Internal Revenue Collector, being Secretary of the Democratic State Central Committee, or Supt. Garrard, of the Carson Mint, being Vice President of a Democratic organization in Carson. Here is "Civil Service Reform" for you. Democratic three times, Republican once.—Elko Free Press.

When the Massachusetts Republican Convention met in Boston, the St. Louis Globe-Democrat commissioned a reporter with robust lungs and tireless legs to ascertain the individual preferences of the delegates respecting the nomination for President in 1888. Here is a summary of the returns:

| | |
|----------------------|-----|
| Senator Sherman | 168 |
| Senator Edmunds | 24 |
| Senator Logan | 10 |
| Ex-Gov. John D. Long | 8 |
| Senator Hoar | 5 |
| Senator Hawley | 3 |
| Senator Evans | 1 |

Ex-Indian Agent, John S. Mayhugh, has purchased the ranch formerly owned by Norman Wines, near the Overland in Ruby Valley, and will turn his attention to agriculture and stock raising. The ranch comprises over 1,000 acres of land, part of which is under cultivation and the improvements consist of a brick dwelling house, stable corral, etc. The property is a valuable one and Mr. Mayhugh is to be congratulated on his success in securing such a home for himself and family. We understand that he will not remove to his purchase until Spring.—Elko Independent.

Edmunds has been re-elected Senator from Vermont.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, eases wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. Feb. 21-1874.

We Print Cards, Blanks, Posters, Tickets, Receipts, Billheads, Noteheads, Pamphlets, Stateaments, Programmes, Visiting Cards, Funeral Notices, Wedding Cards, And Everything Else, At the JOURNAL Office

NEW TO-DAY.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold Only in Cans.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO. NEW-YORK

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

Protection to American Labor and Industries.

SENATOR J. P. JONES

Will address the People of Nevada on the Political Issues of the Day, as follows:

Silver City Friday, October 22
Reno Saturday, October 23
Carson City Tuesday, October 26
Virginia City Saturday, October 30

County Committees in the several counties will please make the necessary arrangements for the meetings.

E. D. BOYLE, Chairman.

F. C. LORD, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS.

Protection to American Labor and Industries.

HON. W. M. STEWART

Will Address the People of Nevada on the Political Issues of the Day, as follows:

Virginia City Saturday, October 23
Carson City Monday, October 25
Reno Wednesday, October 27

County Committees in the several counties will please make the necessary arrangements for the meetings.

E. D. BOYLE, Chairman.

F. C. LORD, Secretary.

C. CHUCOVICH. J. NOVACOVICH.

THE WINE HOUSE.

CHUCOVICH & NOVACOVICH, Proprietors.

Commercial Row, Reno, Nev.

THE BEST OF Wines, Liquors and Cigars

Kept at the Bar and Jobbing at Lowest Rates

First-class Billiard and Pool Tables attached

ISAAC BARNETT'S ADVERTISEMENT.

A Genuine Sale!

I Offer to the Public of Reno and Vicinity the Balance of My Stock of

DRY GOODS

AT AUCTION PRICES.

Call in and Price the Goods.

MY STORE AND FIXTURES FOR RENT.

ISAAC BARNETT.

THE WHITE HOUSE.

EXTRAORDINARY OFFERING

AT THE

WHITE HOUSE

CLOTHING STORE.

We Have Received an Immense Stock of

Fine Clothing

For Men, Youths and Children.

AND ALSO A FINE STOCK OF THE LATEST STYLES IN FURNISHING GOODS.

A Full Line of J. B. Stetson's Hats.

We Have also a First-Class Stock of the Celebrated

BUCKINGHAM-HECHT BOOTS AND SHOES.

We Shall Sell the Above

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

GIVE US A CALL.

ABRAHAM BROTHERS.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

HOLKINS GOLD AND SILVER MINING Company—Location of works, Nevada Mining District, Washoe county, Nevada. Principal place of business, Reno, Washoe county, Nevada.

There are delinquent when the following described stock on account of assessment (No. 3) levied on the 14th day of September, 1886, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

| Name | No. Cert. | No. Shs. | Amt. |
|------------------|-----------|----------|---------|
| D. & B. Leachman | 40 | 500 | \$25 00 |
| P. Lemmon | 38 | 750 | \$37 50 |
| Jane Lake | 5 | 100 | \$5 00 |
| W. J. Ross | 260 | 1000 | \$50 00 |
| M. Lippman | 231 | 100 | \$5 00 |
| M. Lippman | 232 | 100 | \$5 00 |
| M. Lippman | 253 | 100 | \$5 00 |
| R. S. Osburn | 229 | 100 | \$5 00 |
| C. C. Huffaker | 221 | 100 | \$5 00 |
| C. C. Huffaker | 222 | 50 | \$2 50 |
| Jas. S. Bowker | 253 | 100 | \$5 00 |

An order in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Trustees made on the 14th day of September, 1886, so many shares of each parcel of stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction, on Saturday, November 13th, 1886, to pay delinquent assessment thereon, together with costs of advertisement and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees,
GEO. H. BARNETT, Secretary.

Reno, October 14, 1886.

RENO AND VIRGINIA STAGE

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THIS IS THE ROUTE FOR PYRAMID, Round Hole, Buffalo Salt Works, Bunkard Meadows, Duck Flat, Eagleville, Cedarville and Lake City.

Connects at Cedarville with stages for Altamont and at Altamont with stages for Lakeview, Oregon, and at Lakeview with stages for Chewaucan, Silver Lake, Summer Lake, Abbott's Lake, Princeton, and the Dalles, also with stages for Drew's Valley, Linkville, Sprague River and Ashland.

Particular attention paid to express packages on the regular line and to Altamont. Stages leave Reno daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a. m. Schedule time each way 36 hours.

T. K. HYMERS, Agent, Reno.

HON. JOHN M. DORMER

—AND—

HON. J. F. ALEXANDER

Will meet the People of Esmeralda county as follows:

Hawthorne Wednesday, October 27

Candelaria Thursday, October 28

Where County Committees think it advisable short talks will be made, but the principal details of the above mentioned candidates is to be given and canvassed their fellow citizens.

F. C. LORD, Chairman.

MONARCH SALOON,

WEST SIDE OF VIRGINIA STREET

RENO, NEV.,

H. J. THYES & CO., Proprietors.

Finest Wines, Liquors & Cigars

— AT THE BAR —

Brunswick & Balke's Monarch

Billiard and Pool Tables.

THE LEADING PAPERS ON FILE.

We have lately commenced the obbing of Wines and Liquors by the gallon, bottle or

all kinds, which we will sell lower than ever before sold in town. Call and be convinced.

ALL THE ATTRACTIONS OF A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL ARE SUPPLIED.

